



PRINCIPLES OF COMPILING AN ENGLISH-UZBEK DICTIONARY OF MINING TERMS

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Annotation:

The article describes the problems of developing the principles of the Uzbek-English dictionary of mining terminology. The main research methods are the analysis of literature on the research topic and the statistical method. In the study, the concept of mining terminology is clarified, the difference between the concepts of graphic and lexicographic terms is given, and the main principles of material selection for the dictionary of mining terms are given.

Keywords: thermography, lexicography, system of terms, mining terminology, dictionary.

Due to scientific and technical development, increasing level of knowledge, general intellectualization of the language, widespread use of the Internet, the terminology of mining is quickly assimilated into the common language. Undoubtedly, the most terms in Uzbek and English terminology are field terms. The introduction of special vocabulary into the language and the evolution of its distribution, the continuous terminological enrichment of the language is shown by all the main dictionaries of the English language. At the same time, the scope of defining the terminology does not adequately describe the scope of its operation (special texts, real scientific discourse).

It should be noted that the system of relations with the engineer is a relatively young direction in our country's mining industry, which indicates the uncertainty of the concept itself. Professional relations are a branch of corporate relations concerned with information management and disclosure in public and private companies. The primary goal of PR is to build and maintain long-term relationships with the media.

Thus, at the current stage, the rapid development of international relations, along with the constant emergence of new products, services and technologies, creates the need to nominate them.

The mining terminology system of mining terms in Uzbek and English languages is constantly developing, filled with lexical units composed by different word formation methods, and then undergoes semantic changes.

It should be noted that the terminology includes two sections - theoretical and practical. The tasks of theoretical terminology are to analyze the content, formal and functional structure of both separate terms and their combinations. Applied terminology, in turn, is characterized by lexicographic activity, unification of the system of terms and terms (regulation, standardization, harmonization of terms, etc.). It is known that the distinctive feature of foreign schools of terminology is the development of the lexicographic direction, the study of the etymology of individual terms and terms, attempts to standardize terms.



Research theorists justified the emergence of a new direction called thermography, which, in turn, was separated from lexicography and formed as an independent scientific discipline. A clear distinction must be made between thermography and lexicography.

According to the results of linguistic studies conducted by researchers, "thermography is the science of designing, compiling and using special vocabulary dictionaries at the intersection of lexicography and technical assignment."

Thus, there is a connection between thermography and lexicography. For a lexicographer, the unit of description is a lexical item, while for a thermographer, it is a term.

In connection with the development of mining lexicography, the creation of electronic versions of dictionaries, it is clear that more terms will be included in the dictionaries of dictionaries, which have received a strict scientific explanation, according to the specific structure of the dictionary and the content of the dictionary.

The development of dictionaries of highly specialized and network terminology allows to monitor the growth and development of concepts and terms in certain areas of activity and to systematize these results in the form of explanatory, reference, translation, frequency, educational and other dictionaries. Network dictionaries for students, graduate students, graduate students, teachers, specialists are the basis of didactic materials for studying mining terminology and features of scientific knowledge development in some areas of activity.

In the process of developing highly specialized dictionaries, the authors' valuable suggestions regarding the creative approach to creating dictionaries and the use of Uzbek equivalents are important. Thus, in the strict sense of words such as lexical units, they are not terms, but their appearance and sound design create the illusion of a logic term, moreover, due to the imaginary identity of the concept called a word. Recently, a significant trend has been observed in terms of Uzbek creativity: more common. Answering the question for what purposes transparency should be replaced by openness, we can assume that it is both for prestige and for the sake of misunderstood scientificity.

A modern specialist in the field of mining must have communication skills, high demands are placed on him in terms of professional training. Successful professional leadership involves effective communication. For this, a specialist must not only have certain communication skills, but also know his field well, have a large amount of special professional knowledge. The lack of in-depth knowledge is connected, in particular, with the lack of educational tools.

When compiling a dictionary of mining terms, a number of questions should be resolved:

1. First of all, it is necessary to give a clear definition of the concept of mining terms.
2. Next, you need to determine the purpose of creating a dictionary: after all, with a clear understanding of the focus on a certain circle of users, the sources of terminological material are determined.
3. Development of vocabulary building principles.

Mining terminology is a term used to describe the line of business of companies that interact with the mining community. The process of communication by public companies includes mandatory and optional information to the market, while the level of development is an indicator of the social



importance of the company, which interacts with current shareholders, potential investors, market analysts, etc. should be in contact. journalists.

The urgency of compiling a dictionary of mining terms is due to the lack of a reference dictionary for this specialty. This dictionary on the specialty "mineral resources" includes lexical units of a terminological nature. General scientific lexicon was not the subject of lexicography.

Purposes of creating a dictionary:

- 1) To introduce experts to the term "fossil" system.
- 2) Training specialists to extract key words in complex terms of a certain field of knowledge.
- 3) to contribute to the effectiveness of understanding the literature and mastering the vocabulary of the terms of the "fossil" system.

Work on the creation of the dictionary was carried out as follows: first, the research material was determined. As a source of terminological material, foreign and domestic lexicographic and reference publications, dictionaries of stock exchanges, large specialized monographs and textbooks on banking, real mining texts, business correspondence of institutions, articles.

The list of terms obtained as a result of text analysis was checked with the English-Uzbek mining dictionary.

The following principles were the basis for creating the dictionary:

- 1) The organization of the dictionary of terms is an alphabetical method, which includes the description of the syntagmatic of the word-term title.
- 2) Thematic importance - the thematic principle is inherent in the selection of texts for statistical research. Terminological importance is difficult to consider in isolation from the thematic principle, because mining terminology is related to the subject of the text.
- 3) Frequency - five repetitions of the word in the text were taken as the unit of selection. According to this criterion, the word was included in our dictionary.
- 4) Structural ability - the ability to combine with other words. The work carried out showed that the principles of selection were applied.

The selected words correspond to other important principles of vocabulary teaching, such as word-building activities, in formativeness. The creation of such a dictionary allows students of the faculty of economics to start reading special texts at the initial stage of education, and increases the enthusiasm for learning a foreign language.

It should be taken into account that the theoretical and practical interests of terminologists, miners, philosophers and linguists in terminology coincide to a greater extent, which contributes to the growing development of interdisciplinary research.

The obtained results are a valuable material not only for linguists, but also for miners' relations specialists, because analysis of terminology can be used as one of the methods of studying communication strategies with miners, using various language tools as a "powerful weapon".



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